

D4.2 - Policy Adoption Measures for the Decarbonization of the H&C Sector

FACTSHEET #4_[Croatia]

1. Identification of the measure

Increase cities' capacity towards RES transformation

Strategic Policy Priority (SPP)	SPP#2: Multi governance level - collaboration
Sector	-
Type	Market and capacity building

2. Identification of KPIs (minimum of 3 KPIs)

KPIs

KPI #1	Number of informed and trained employees on city and county level
KPI #2	Number of workshops on good practices and information exchange
KPI #3	Number of measures related to decarbonization of H&C included in city's Local Heating and Cooling Plan

3. Definition of the operationalization activities (minimum of 3 activities)

OPERATIONALIZATION ACTIVITIES

#1	<i>Guidelines for collaboration between city and county on heating and cooling</i>
#2	<i>Organization of workshops for RES for heating and cooling</i>
#3	<i>Short guide – What to consider in RES transformation for heating and cooling</i>
#4	<i>Continuous cooperation between city and county – semi-annual focus meetings</i>

4. Applicability/focus of the measure¹:

x	City	Osijek
	Region	
	National	

¹ Each MS is expected to focus on the application to, at least, 3 cities and 1 region.

5. Overview of the expected results

RESULTS		
KPI ID	Assumptions	Estimated results
#1	Conducted workshops for RES heating and cooling Produced short guide	10 city's employees reached
#2	Key points for collaboration on heating and cooling defined from city's and county's perspective Proposed measures for decarbonization of heating and cooling	Three peer to peer workshops
#3	Employees gathered information from the workshops Measures discussed and presented to the general public	Three measures included in Local heating and cooling plan

1. Brief description of the discussion oriented towards a SWOT analysis

To accelerate the energy transition, especially in the heating and cooling sector, cooperation between multiple government sectors is necessary. In the Republic of Croatia, responsibilities are shared between the state, counties and cities/municipalities, and cooperation between lower levels is necessary to share responsibilities. It is necessary to establish permanent cooperation, but also to increase technical capacities for heating and cooling planning.

Strengths

- Seat of Osijek-Baranja county is in city of Osijek, reducing time needed to travel
- Good background in cooperation in energy projects

Weakness

- Limited number of available employees
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Opportunities

- Required plans stipulated by legal framework
- Possibilities for implementation of new approaches in energy planning (heating and cooling)

Threats

- Possible change in responsibilities of different level

Lack of skilled employees